## **Global Imaging Insights**

## Image



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## Fetal sacrococcygeal teratoma

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An anterior myelomening ocele had been suspected in a female fetus on the basis of fetal ultrasonography; prenatal MRI at the  $24^{\rm th}$  week of gestation confirmed a cystic mass in the anterior sacrococcygeal area [1]. The mass was surgically removed at one month of age, and hystopathological analysis determined it was a mature teratoma (Figure 1).

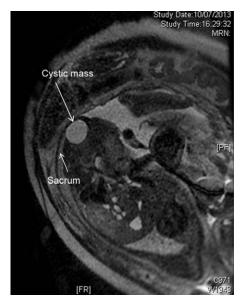


Figure 1. Prenatal diagnosis (fetal MRI): a tumor in the fetal sacrococcygeal area.

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